



## Networks and Lines (1100)

P. Pages : 3

Time : Three Hours

Max. Marks : 100

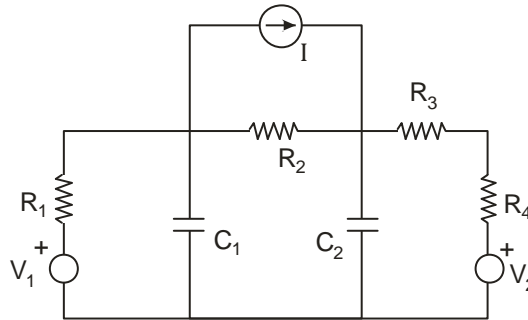
Instructions to Candidates :

1. Do not write anything on question paper except Seat No.
2. Answer sheet should be written with blue ink only. Graph or diagram should be drawn with the same pen being used for writing paper or black HB pencil.
3. Students should note, no supplement will be provided.
4. Answer **any two** question from each unit.
5. Assume suitable data if necessary.
6. Use of non - programmable electronics calculator is allowed.
7. Neat diagram must be drawn wherever necessary.

### UNIT - I

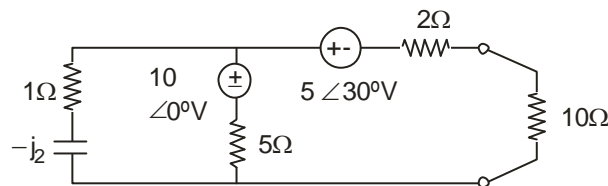
1. a) For the network given obtain.
- i) Incidence matrix
  - ii) Tie - set matrix
  - iii) t - cut set matrix.

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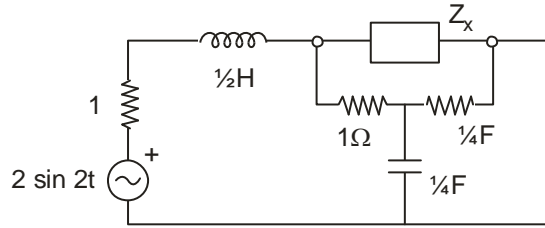


- b) Using Norton's theorem, calculate power loss in  $10\Omega$  for the fig given.

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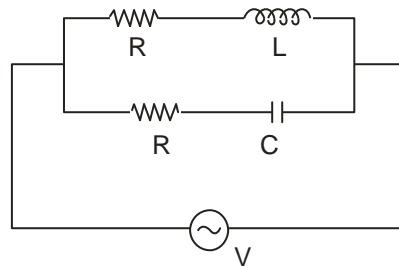


- c) Determine  $Z_n$ , such that maximum power is transferred from source to load in the network given. 10

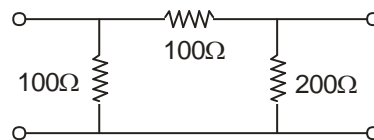


2. a) Draw and explain the graphical representation of series RLC resonant circuit, by showing  $R, X_L, X_C, I, Z$  parameter w.r.t frequency. 10

- b) Show that total impedance of circuit given is equal to  $R$ . 5

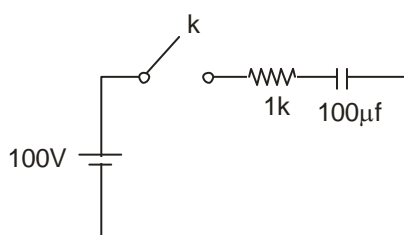


- i) If  $R^2 = \frac{L}{C}$
- ii) For a series RLC circuit (resonant) calculate value of  $R$  and  $L$  ; if  $C = 250 \text{ pf}$ ,  $f_0 = 600 \text{ KHz}$ ,  $B.W = 20 \text{ KHz}$ . 5
- c) i) Explain the working of impedance matching circuit. 5
- ii) Derive the equation for coupling coefficient ( $K$ ). 5
3. a) A box containing impedance, has following measurement at  $60^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $Z_{10c} = 60 + j 30$ ,  $Z_{20c} = 40 + j20$ ,  $Z_{isc} = 50 + j20$  construct equivalent T - network. 10
- b) i) Derive the equation for propagation constant ( $P$ ) and characteristic impedance ( $Z_0$ ) for a distortion less line. 5
- ii) Reduce the given  $\pi$  - network into its equivalent T. 5

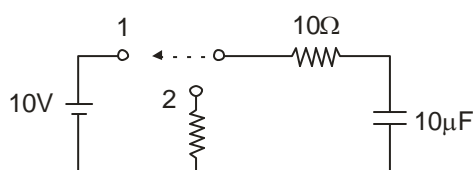


- c) The characteristic impedance of certain line is  $710L - 16^\circ\Omega$ , when frequency is  $1\text{KHz}$  attenuation is  $0.01 \text{ nepers/km}$  and phase function is  $0.035 \text{ rad/km}$  calculate primary constant  $R, L, G$ , and  $C$  also find velocity of propagation ( $P$ ). 10

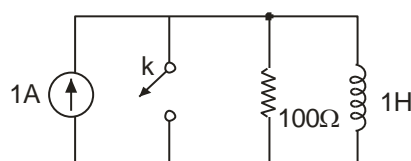
4. a) A high pass T - section filter has cutoff frequency of 600 Hz and nominal impedance of  $500 \Omega$  calculate the frequencies at which the characteristic impedance of the section is 10
- $50 \Omega$
  - $250 \Omega$
  - $450 \Omega$ .
- b) i) Design m - derived LPF T and  $\pi$  - section for the following specifications,  $R_o = 600 \Omega$ ,  $t_c = 5 \text{ KHz}$ ,  $f_\infty = 5.5 \text{ KHz}$ . 10
- c) i) With block diagram, explain composite filter. 5
- ii) Design symmetrical T - type attenuator to give 40 dB attenuation and characteristic impedance of  $100 \Omega$ . 5
5. a) i) What is initial condition, give the procedure to determine the initial condition. 5
- ii) For the circuit given, calculate value of current at  $t = 0.005 \text{ sec}$ . If switch is closed at  $t = 0$ . 10



- b) In the circuit shown, switch is initially at position 1, until the steady state reached At  $t=0$ , switch is changed to position 2. Calculate  $i(t)$ . 10



- c) In the network given switch is open at  $t = 0$ , calculate 10
- $v$
  - $\frac{dv}{dt}$
  - $\frac{d^2v}{dt^2}$  at  $t = 0^+$ .



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